Type MCGG 22, 42, 52, 53, 62, 63 & 82
Overcurrent Relay for Phase and Earth Faults
Type MCGG 22, 42, 52, 53, 62, 63 & 82
Overcurrent Relay for Phase and Earth Faults

Figure 1: Relay type MCGG 62 withdrawn from case.

Features

- Choice of 4 inverse time curves and 3 definite time ranges by switched selection.
- Wide setting range of $0.05 \times I_n$ to $2.4 \times I_n$ in steps of $0.05 \times I_n$.
- Time multiplier range 0.05 to 1 on all seven characteristics.
- Separate LED indicators provided on each measuring board to show time delayed and instantaneous operations.
- LED start indicators provided to facilitate testing.
- Separate output contacts provided for time delayed phase fault, instantaneous phase fault, time delayed earth fault and instantaneous earth fault operations.
- Low ac burden.
- Suitable for use with separate direction relay.
- Accurately follows time curves to BS142 and IEC60255.
- High resetting ratio.
- Fast resetting time.
- Positive, calibrated settings by means of switches.
- Internal dc auxiliary power supply operating over a wide input range.
- Separate test mode with trip test feature.
- Indication of power to the measuring board.
- Non-volatile memory for time delayed and instantaneous LED indicators.
**Models available**

MCGG 22  
Single phase overcurrent with instantaneous element.

MCGG 42  
Two phase overcurrent with instantaneous elements.

MCGG 52  
Two phase overcurrent plus earth fault with instantaneous elements.

MCGG 53  
Two phase overcurrent (with polyphase measurement) plus earth fault with instantaneous elements.

MCGG 62  
Three phase overcurrent with instantaneous elements.

MCGG 63  
Three phase overcurrent (with polyphase measurement), with instantaneous element.

MCGG 82  
Three phase overcurrent plus earth fault with instantaneous elements.

**Associated publications:**
- Midos System R6001
- Directional Relay R6003

**Application**

The relay can be used in applications where time graded overcurrent and earth fault protection is required.

The relay can be used to provide selective protection for overhead and underground distribution feeders. Other applications include back-up protection for transformers, generators and HV feeder circuits and the protection of neutral earthing resistors.

With all the current/time characteristics available on one relay, a standard relay can be ordered before detailed co-ordination studies are carried out – a distinct advantage for complex systems. Also, changes in system configuration can be readily accommodated.

An instantaneous element with low transient overreach is incorporated within each phase or earth fault measuring board. This can be easily disabled in applications where it is not required.

**3 phase 2 phase Single phase Measuring Case**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>3 phase</th>
<th>2 phase</th>
<th>Single phase or earth fault</th>
<th>Measuring boards</th>
<th>Case size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 22</td>
<td>✧ inst</td>
<td></td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 42</td>
<td></td>
<td>✧ inst</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 52</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>✧ inst</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 53</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 62</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td></td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 63</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td></td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCGG 82</td>
<td>✧</td>
<td></td>
<td>✧</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description**

This range of MCGG relays is designed so that versions are available with separate measuring boards for each phase or earth fault input; alternatively, phase inputs may be combined on to one board for polyphase measurement (see table). These boards, together with the other circuits of the relay, are contained in a single plug-in module which is supplied in a size 4, 6 or 8 Midos case. The case incorporates one or two terminal blocks for external connections. Removal of the module automatically short circuits the current transformer connections by means of safety contacts within the case terminal block. For added security, when the module is removed, the CT circuits are short circuited before the connections to the output contacts and the dc supply are broken. The relay uses solid state techniques, each measuring board utilising a micro-computer as a basic circuit element. The current measurement, whether performed on a single phase or polyphase input, is performed via an analogue-to-digital converter. Application diagrams are provided in Figures 2 to 8 (inclusive) showing typical wiring configurations.
Each measuring board has a built-in ‘power off’ memory feature for the time delayed and instantaneous LED indicators.

Power to each measuring board may be tested whilst the relay is in service, without affecting the current measurement. A test mode is also available to carry out a trip test on the output relays. During this test, current measurement is inhibited.

When required, directional control can be exercised over the relay by connecting an output contact from direction relay type METI to the terminals provided.

Separate output contacts, capable of circuit breaker tripping, are provided for time delayed phase faults, instantaneous phase faults, time delayed earth fault and instantaneous earth fault operations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Switch position</th>
<th>Operating characteristic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>●</td>
<td>Trip test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>●</td>
<td>Standard inverse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[ t = \frac{\text{0.14}}{(10.02 - 1)} \text{ sec SI} \]

| ●               | Very inverse            |

\[ t = \frac{13.5}{(I - 1)} \text{ sec VI} \]

| ●               | Extremely inverse       |

\[ t = \frac{80}{(I^2 - 1)} \text{ sec EI} \]

| ●               | Long time earth fault   |

\[ t = \frac{120}{(I - 1)} \text{ sec LT} \]

| ●               | Definite time 2 seconds |

\[ t = 0.14(0.02 - 1) \]

| ●               | Definite time 4 seconds |

\[ t = 13.5(I - 1) \]

| ●               | Definite time 8 seconds |

\[ t = 20(I^2 - 1) \]

| ●               |                          |

\[ t = 120(I - 1) \]

Table 1: Operating time characteristics with corresponding switch positions.

**Relay settings**

Separate setting switches for each measuring board are provided on the relay frontplate. These are used to select the required time/current characteristic, current and time multiplier settings.

**Selection of time characteristics**

The current/time characteristic selection is carried out by means of three switches (identified by \(\wedge\) symbol on the nameplate).

Table 1 gives the basic operating characteristic and the settings of the switches.

**Time multiplier setting**

The time given by each of the operating characteristics must be multiplied by the time multiplier to give the actual operating time of the relay. This control is marked \(x = \Sigma\) where \(\Sigma\) is the sum of all the switch positions.

The range of multiplication is from 0.05x to 1.0x in steps of 0.025.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating characteristics</th>
<th>Time range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.1 to 2.0 in 0.05s steps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.2 to 4.0 in 0.1s steps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.4 to 8.0 in 0.2s steps</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Current setting

Time delayed element
The current setting control is marked \( I_s = \Sigma I_n \) where \( I_s \) is the current setting in amps, \( \Sigma \) is the sum of all the switch positions and \( I_n \) is the relay rated current in amps.

Each measuring board provides a setting range of 0.05 x \( I_n \) to 2.4 x \( I_n \) in steps of 0.05 x \( I_n \).

Instantaneous element
The setting control of the instantaneous element is marked \( I_{inst} = \Sigma I_s \) where \( \Sigma \) is the sum of the switch positions and \( I_s \) is the time delayed element setting.

When all switches are set to the left (at zero), or when the lowest switch is set to infinity regardless of the positions of the other five switches, the instantaneous feature is rendered inoperable. The range of adjustment of finite settings is from 1x to 31x in unity steps.

Trip test
Current measurement is inhibited by setting the curve selection switches to 111. This causes all three LEDs to flash once per second. If the reset push button is then pressed for approximately six seconds, both output relays associated with that measuring board will operate.

Power supply healthy test
If, whilst the relay is in service, the reset button is pressed, all the LEDs are illuminated, indicating that there is power to the measuring boards. The LEDs are reset on releasing the push button. During this test, normal current measurement is not inhibited.

Figure 2: Type MCGG 22 nameplate

Figure 3: Application diagram (10 MCGG 22 02): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 22.
Single phase with instantaneous element.
Figure 4: Application diagram (10 MCGG 42 03): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 42.
Two phase with instantaneous element.

Figure 5: Application diagram (10 MCGG 52 03): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 52.
Two phase plus earth fault with instantaneous elements.
Figure 6: Application diagram (10 MCGG 53 02): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 53.
Two phase (with polyphase measurement), plus earth fault with instantaneous elements.

Figure 7: Application diagram (10 MCGG 62 03): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 62.
Three phase with instantaneous element.
Figure 8: Application diagram (10 MCGG 63 02): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 63.
Three phase (with polyphase measurement) with instantaneous element.

Figure 9: Application diagram (10 MCGG 82 03): static modular overcurrent relay type MCGG 82.
Three phase plus earth fault with instantaneous elements (4 wire system).
Technical Data

Ratings
AC current \( (I_n) \) 1A or 5A
Frequency 50/60Hz
DC supply \( (V_x) \) 24/54V, 48/125V or 110/250V

Burdens
AC Burden
Less than 0.25 VA for 1A relays and
less than 0.5VA for 5A relays, at
unity power factor and at rated
current on any setting.
The impedance of the relays over
the whole of the setting range (5% to 240% rated current) is less than
0.25Ω for 1A relays and less than
0.02Ω for 5A relays and is
independent of current.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DC burden rating</th>
<th>Relay type</th>
<th>MCGG</th>
<th>MCGG</th>
<th>MCGG</th>
<th>MCGG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24/54</td>
<td>1.5W</td>
<td>2.5W</td>
<td>3.0W</td>
<td>4.0W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48/125</td>
<td>2.0W</td>
<td>3.0W</td>
<td>3.5W</td>
<td>4.5W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110/250</td>
<td>2.5W</td>
<td>3.5W</td>
<td>4.0W</td>
<td>5.0W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The figures above are maxima under quiescent conditions.
With output elements operated they are increased by up to
2.5W per element.

Current transformer requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relay and CT secondary rating (A)</th>
<th>Nominal output (VA)</th>
<th>Accuracy class</th>
<th>Accuracy limit current (X rated current)</th>
<th>Limiting lead resistance – one way (ohms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>10P</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>10P</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: For 5A applications with longer leads, the CT rating can be increased
in steps of 2.5VA where each step of 2.5VA is equivalent to additional
0.06Ω lead resistance.

Instantaneous earth fault element
For installations where the earth fault element is required to have a sensitive
setting whilst remaining stable on heavy through faults, the use of a stabilising
resistor is recommended, the value of which will vary according to the
specific application. If assistance is required in selecting the appropriate
value, please consult the Applications Department of ALSTOM T&D
Protection & Control Ltd.
**Setting ranges**

Time delayed settings \( (I_s) \), phase/earth fault measuring range: 5% to 240% of \( I_n \) in 5% steps.

Instantaneous setting \( (I_{inst}) \)

\[ 1 \times -31 \times I_s \text{ in } 1 \times I_s \text{ steps} \]

**Operating time**

Time delayed element

Operating characteristics selectable to give:

- Standard inverse IDMT
- Very inverse IDMT
- Extremely inverse IDMT
- Long time earth fault IDMT
- Definite time 2s, 4s, 8s

Time multiplier setting

\[ 0.05 \text{ to } 1.0 \text{ in } 0.025 \text{ steps} \]

(applicable to all time characteristics)

Instantaneous elements

Shown in Figure 11

For settings of \( 5 \times I_s \) and above:

<35ms at 2x instantaneous setting

**Accuracy – reference conditions**

**Current setting \( (I_s) \)**

Reference range 0.05\( I_n \) to 2.4\( I_n \) for MCGG 22, 42, 52, 62, 82 and E/F element of MCGG53.

0.2\( I_n \) to 2.4\( I_n \) for phase fault elements of MCGG 53 and 63.

**Input current**

Time characteristic range

- Standard inverse
- Very inverse
- Long time inverse
- Extremely inverse
- Definite time

Reference ranges

- \( 2 \times I_s \) to \( 31 \times I_s \)
- \( 2 \times I_s \) to \( 20 \times I_s \)
- \( 1.3 \times I_s \) to \( 31 \times I_s \)

**Ambient temperature**

\( 20^\circ \text{C} \)

**Frequency**

50Hz to 60Hz

**Time multiplier setting**

1x

**DC auxiliary voltage**

Reference ranges

- 24V to 54V
- 48V to 125V
- 110V to 250V
Figure 10: Time delayed overcurrent element –
operation time characteristics.

Figure 11: MCGG instantaneous operating times (various settings).
Accuracy – influencing quantities

Time multiplier
On settings 0.05 to 1.0 ±2% or ±30ms whichever is the greater

Ambient temperature
operative range
-25°C to +55°C

Variations over this range
Setting current ±5%

Time characteristic
Time variation

Standard inverse
Very inverse ±5%

Long time inverse

Extremely inverse ±7.5%

Definite time ±3%

Frequency

Setting current ±1% over the range 47 – 62Hz

Operating time ±2% or ±30ms whichever is the greater, over the range 47–52Hz or 57–62Hz.

DC auxiliary voltage

V x dc(V) Operative range (V)
24/54 19 – 60
48/125 37.5 – 150
110/250 87.5 – 300

Variations over these ranges
Setting current ±1%

Operating time ±2% or ±30ms whichever is greater

Accuracy – general

Current setting

Time delayed element
1.0 x Iₚ to 1.1 x Iₚ

Instantaneous elements
Iₚ = 1 x Iₚ, 1.0 x Iₚ to 1.1 x Iₚ

All other settings
Iₚ ±5%

Operating time

Time characteristic
Accuracy

Standard inverse
Very inverse ±5%

Long time inverse

Extremely inverse ±7.5% ±30ms whichever is greater

Definite time ±3%

Repeatability
(within basic accuracy claim)

Pick-up current Better than ±1%

Operating time Better than ±2% or ±30ms whichever is greater.

Overshoot time Less than 30ms (when the input current is reduced from any value within the operative range to zero).
Resetting current
Time delayed and instantaneous elements: not less than 95% of time delayed current setting.

Resetting and disengaging times
Less than 70ms (when the input current is reduced from any value within the operative range to zero).

Transient overreach
System time constant up to 30ms: 5%

(instantaneous elements)
System time constant up to 100ms: 12%

**Thermal withstand**
Continuous withstand
2 x Iₘ or 2.6 x Iₙ whichever is lower, with a minimum of 1 x Iₙ

Short time withstand
For 1s: 100 x Iₙ with 400A maximum
For 3s: 57 x Iₙ with 230A maximum

**Operation indicators**
Each measuring board is fitted with two red LED indicators, one showing time delayed operation and the other showing instantaneous operation. The reset button provided on the frontplate resets all the operation indicators.

The green timer start indicator illuminates when the input current exceeds the setting current Iₛ to facilitate testing of the module. This indicator is self resetting.

LED covers are available to eliminate any undesired LED indication.

**Contacts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changeover</th>
<th>Make</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MCGG 52, 53, 82
- Phase fault time delayed element
- Phase fault instantaneous element
- Earth fault time delayed element
- Earth fault instantaneous element

MCGG 22, 42, 62, 63
- Time delayed element
- Instantaneous element
Contact ratings

Make and carry for 0.2s and 300V ac or dc
Carry continuously
Break

7500VA subject to maxima of 30A
5A ac or dc
ac – 1250VA
dc – 50W resistive
25W, L/R = 0.04s

subject to maxima of 5A and 300V

Durability
Loaded contact
Unloaded contact

10,000 operations minimum
100,000 operations minimum

Directional control

Directional control can be exercised over each pole individually by connecting the output contact of a relay type METI across appropriate case terminals.

Relay type
MCGG 22
MCGG 42
MCGG 52, 53
MCGG 62, 63
MCGG 82
Direction control terminals
23, 24
45, 46, 49, 50
43 to 46, 49, 50
45 to 50
43 to 50

Note: The directional control circuits are isolated from all other circuits but are electrically connected to the relay case. These circuits must not, therefore, be insulation or impulse tested to the case.

High voltage withstand

Dielectric withstand
IEC 60255-5: 1977
2kV rms for 1 minute between all case terminals connected together and the case earth terminal, with the exception of the directional control terminals.

2kV rms for 1 minute between terminals of independent circuits, with terminals on each independent circuit connected together.

1kV rms for 1 minute across open contacts of output relays.

High voltage impulse
IEC 60255-5: 1977
Three positive and three negative impulses of 5kV peak, 1.2/50µs, 0.5J between all terminals and case earth and between adjacent terminals, with the exception of the directional control terminals, (see note).
**Electrical environment**

High frequency disturbance  
IEC 60255-22-1: 1988 Class III  
2.5kV peak between independent circuits and case earth.  
1kV peak across terminals of the same circuit.  
Note: The directional control terminals comply with class II and will withstand 1kV peak between all independent circuits, and 500V peak across the directional control terminals.

DC supply interruption  
IEC 60255-11: 1979  
The unit will withstand a 10ms interruption in the auxiliary supply, under normal operating conditions, without de-energising.

AC ripple on dc supply  
IEC 60255-11: 1979  
The unit will withstand 12% ac ripple on the dc supply.

Fast transient disturbance  
IEC 60255-22-4: 1992 Class IV  
4kV, 2.5kHz applied directly to auxiliary supply.  
4kV, 2.5kHz applied directly to all inputs.

Electrostatic discharge  
IEC 60255-22-2: 1996 Class II  
4kV discharge in air with cover in place  
4kV contact discharge with cover removed.

Surge immunity  
IEC 61000-4-5: 1995 Level 4  
4kV peak, 1.2/50µs between all groups and case earth.  
2kV peak, 1.2/50µs between terminals of each group.

EMC compliance  
89/336/EEC  
Compliance with the European Commission Directive on EMC is claimed via the Technical Construction File route.  
Generic Standards were used to establish conformity.

EN50081-2: 1994  
EN50082-2: 1995  
Compliance with the European Commission Low Voltage Directive.

Product safety  
73/23/EEC  
Compliance is demonstrated by reference to generic safety standards.

EN 61010-1: 1993/A2: 1995  
### Atmospheric environment

**Temperature**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60255-6: 1988</td>
<td>Storage and transit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>−25°C to +70°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60068-2-1: 1990</td>
<td>Operating −25°C to +55°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60068-2-2: 1974</td>
<td>Cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry heat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Humidity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60068-2-3: 1969</td>
<td>56 days at 93% RH and 40°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Enclosure protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60529: 1989</td>
<td>IP50 (dust protected)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mechanical environment

**Vibration**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60255-21-1: 1988</td>
<td>Response Class 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Endurance Class 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Cases

MCGG 22   Size 4
MCGG 42   Size 6
MCGG 62   Size 6
MCGG 63   Size 6
MCGG 52   Size 8
MCGG 53   Size 8
MCGG 82   Size 8

The dimensions of the cases are shown in Figures 12, 13 and 14.

Figure 12: Case outline size 4.

Figure 13: Case outline size 6.
Information Required with Order

Relay type (see models available).
Rated current and frequency.
DC auxiliary voltage range.
Requirement for LED cover part GJ0280 001.

(These self adhesive LED covers can be supplied to cover the instantaneous LED when used in auto-reclose applications as the LEDs remain on during normal use).